

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL
IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT**

City and County of Denver, Colorado

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
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Board of Directors
Gateway Village General Improvement District
City and County of Denver, Colorado

Independent Auditor's Report

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Gateway Village General Improvement District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Gateway Village General Improvement District as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Wipfli LLP

Wipfli LLP
Denver, Colorado

May 24, 2024

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,583,573
Cash and Investments - Restricted	21,658
Receivable from County Treasurer	2,787
Property Tax Receivable	384,245
Capital Assets:	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	36,457
Capital Assets Net of Depreciation	1,626,607
Total Assets	3,655,328
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	99,529
Total Liabilities	99,529
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Property Tax	384,245
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	384,245
NET POSITION	
Invested in Capital Assets	1,663,064
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserve	23,900
Unrestricted	1,484,590
Total Net Position	\$ 3,171,554

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities</u>
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		
Primary Government:		
Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$ 364,789	\$ (364,789)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 364,789</u>	<u>(364,789)</u>
 GENERAL REVENUES		
Property Taxes		681,307
Specific Ownership Taxes		39,063
Interest Income		74,283
Other Revenue		1,673
Total General Revenues and Transfers		<u>796,326</u>
 CHANGES IN NET POSITION		
		431,537
Net Position - Beginning of Year		<u>2,740,017</u>
 NET POSITION - END OF YEAR		
		<u>\$ 3,171,554</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	General	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,583,573	\$ -	\$ 1,583,573
Cash and Investments - Restricted	-	21,658	21,658
Receivable from County Treasurer	2,787	-	2,787
Property Tax Receivable	384,245	-	384,245
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,970,605</u>	<u>\$ 21,658</u>	<u>1,992,263</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$ 77,870	\$ 21,658	99,528
Total Liabilities	77,870	21,658	99,528
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Property Tax	384,245	-	384,245
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	384,245	-	384,245
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted for:			
Emergency Reserves	23,900	-	23,900
Unassigned	1,484,590	-	1,484,590
Total Fund Balances	<u>1,508,490</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,508,490</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 1,970,605</u>	<u>\$ 21,658</u>	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			1,663,064
Net Position of Governmental Activities			<u>\$ 3,171,554</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	General	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 681,307	\$ -	\$ 681,307
Specific Ownership Taxes	39,063	-	39,063
Interest Income	74,283	-	74,283
Other Revenue	1,673	-	1,673
Total Revenues	796,326	-	796,326
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Accounting	24,592	-	24,592
Auditing	4,700	-	4,700
County Treasurer's Fee	6,819	-	6,819
District Management	12,055	-	12,055
Electricity	368	-	368
Insurance	14,529	-	14,529
Landscape Repairs	25,968	-	25,968
Landscape Maintenance and Improvements	34,051	-	34,051
Tree Maintenance Program	8,297	-	8,297
Landscape Contract	75,000	-	75,000
Legal	41,219	-	41,219
Miscellaneous	5,425	-	5,425
Irrigation Water	12,310	-	12,310
Irrigation Water - HOA	246	-	246
Electricity - HOA	217	-	217
Snow Removal	4,641	-	4,641
Capital Projects:			
Capital Outlay	-	104,269	104,269
Total Expenditures	270,437	104,269	374,706
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	525,889	(104,269)	421,620
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in/(out)	(104,269)	104,269	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	421,620	-	421,620
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	1,086,870	-	1,086,870
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,508,490	\$ -	\$ 1,508,490

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$ 421,620

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Therefore, this is the amount of capital outlay, depreciation and dedication of capital assets to other governments, in the current period.

Capital Outlay	104,269
Depreciation Expense	<u>(94,352)</u>

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 431,537

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 675,342	\$ 681,307	\$ 5,965
Specific Ownership Taxes	33,767	39,063	5,296
Interest Income	24,000	74,283	50,283
Other Revenue	1,000	1,673	673
Total Revenues	<u>734,109</u>	<u>796,326</u>	<u>62,217</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Accounting	31,000	24,592	6,408
Auditing	4,000	4,700	(700)
Contingency	4,747	-	4,747
County Treasurer's Fee	6,753	6,819	(66)
District Management	15,000	12,055	2,945
Electricity	3,000	368	2,632
Insurance	15,000	14,529	471
Landscape Repairs	25,000	25,968	(968)
Landscape Maintenance And Improvements	130,000	34,051	95,949
Tree Maintenance Program	100,000	8,297	91,703
Landscape Contract	75,000	75,000	-
Irrigation Water	25,000	12,310	12,690
Irrigation Water - HOA	10,000	246	9,754
Electricity - HOA	1,500	217	1,283
Legal	45,000	41,219	3,781
Miscellaneous	1,000	5,425	(4,425)
Snow Removal	8,000	4,641	3,359
Total Expenditures	<u>500,000</u>	<u>270,437</u>	<u>229,563</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	234,109	525,889	291,780
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers to Other Fund	(1,250,000)	(104,269)	1,145,731
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,250,000)</u>	<u>(104,269)</u>	<u>1,145,731</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,015,891)	421,620	1,437,511
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>1,116,184</u>	<u>1,086,870</u>	<u>(29,314)</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 100,293</u>	<u>\$ 1,508,490</u>	<u>\$ 1,408,197</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Gateway Village General Improvement District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by Ordinance 551, Series of 1994 of the City Council of the City and County of Denver (the City Council) and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Improvement District Act. The District is located entirely in the City and County of Denver (the City) and all District services are provided within its boundaries. The City Council constitutes the ex-officio Board of Directors of the District (the Board). The Board established an advisory board (the Advisory Board) to manage the financial and legal affairs of the District. The Advisory Board is comprised of the City's Manager of Public Works (or designated representative), the City Council District member who represents the district that overlaps a majority of the District, and three registered electors of the District.

The District was established to provide financing for construction of streets, drainage, safety, parks and recreation facilities, landscaping, and police or fire facilities improvements.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is a component unit of the City for financial statement reporting purposes.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources of the District is reported as net position.

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the Charter of the City, the Board holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The Board can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting, unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the City Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the Denver City Council to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The City Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The City Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred revenue in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

The land included within the District is subject to a Memorandum of Agreement dated June 30, 1995, related to the annexation of the property to the City. Provisions of the Agreement provide that the City agrees to maintain the streets, storm drainage, and parks within the annexed area at the City's expense. Consequently, the District's costs related to capital assets have been removed from the District's capital asset records. However, the District has budgeted to maintain the storm drainage canal and certain streetscapes within the District.

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress, and are not included in the calculation of investment in capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives:

Landscape Improvements	20 Years
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Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. The restricted fund balance for 2023 is \$23,900.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government’s intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District’s practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 1,583,573
Cash and Investments - Restricted	<u>21,658</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u><u>\$ 1,605,231</u></u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 50,629
Investments	<u>1,554,602</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u><u>\$ 1,605,231</u></u>

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31 2023, the District’s cash deposits had a bank and carrying balance of \$50,629.

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Certain certificates of participation
- Certain securities lending agreements
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- *Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)	Weighted-Average Under 60 Days	<u>\$ 1,554,602</u> <u>\$ 1,554,602</u>

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2023 follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2022	Increases	Decreases	Balance at December 31, 2023
Governmental Activities:				
Construction in Progress	\$ 600	\$ 35,857	\$ -	\$ 36,457
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	600	35,857	-	36,457
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Landscaping	1,850,275	68,412	-	1,918,687
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	1,850,275	68,412	-	1,918,687
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Accumulated Depreciation - Landscaping	197,728	94,352	-	292,080
Total Accumulated Depreciation	197,728	94,352	-	292,080
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	1,652,547	(25,940)	-	1,626,607
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 1,653,147</u>	<u>\$ 9,917</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,663,064</u>

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended December 31, 2023, depreciation expense of \$94,352 was charged to the District's general government activities.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The District has no long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Authorized Debt

On November 8, 1994, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$2,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 15% per annum. On November 3, 1998, the electors authorized an additional \$1,000,000 at an effective interest not to exceed 10% per annum. At December 31, 2023, the District has no remaining authorized but unissued indebtedness.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2023 the District had net investment in capital assets calculated as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets:	
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 1,663,064</u>

Restricted assets include net position that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2023, as follows:

Restricted Net Position:	
Emergency Reserve	<u>\$ 23,900</u>

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

City

Two City employees serve on the Advisory Board. Per rules and regulations adopted by the City in 2019, Title 31 districts are not required to reimburse the City for employee time and expense devoted to the operation of the District.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS AND COMMITMENTS

Landscaping Services Agreement

On April 1, 2006, the District entered into a landscaping services agreement with Gateway Village Homeowners Association (the HOA) to consolidate the costs of the landscaping services in order to reduce the financial effect of either assessments or taxes to the homeowners. The HOA will perform, or cause to be performed, the landscaping for certain parks, streetscape and drainage areas. The District will reimburse the HOA for services provided upon the District's behalf.

Cooperative Landscaping Agreement

On August 8, 2006, the District entered into a cooperative agreement for landscaping services with the City. The District performs maintenance and landscaping services on behalf of the City for certain streetscape and storm drainage improvements in accordance with all the rules, regulations, and restrictions which may be imposed by the City. Any construction, repair, or modification of the improvements shall be done to the then-current standards of the Department of Public Works. The District pays monthly water utility bills for water used on the landscaping. The City shall cooperate with the District to facilitate the waiver of any water tap development fees. All landscape improvements that are constructed or installed shall be owned by the City.

The Agreement was amended in 2007 to add new landscape improvements to the original agreement.

Fence Maintenance Agreement

On September 21, 2015, the District entered into a fence maintenance agreement with the HOA. Prior to this agreement, the District had reimbursed the HOA for replacement of perimeter fencing within the District (the HOA Fence). This Agreement provides funding to the HOA for the maintenance and repair of the HOA Fence. The HOA will be responsible for maintaining and repairing the HOA Fence. The District shall reimburse the HOA for costs associated with the maintenance and repair of the HOA Fence. The maintenance and repair costs may include monies owed to the fence maintenance and repair company, landscaping costs, and other fees and costs associated with the administration of the HOA Fence. Reimbursement of these costs is subject to annual appropriation by the District. Any maintenance and repair costs in excess of the District's annual appropriated amount shall be the responsibility of the HOA.

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 9 INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The transfer from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$104,269 was to fund capital expenditures.

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District maintains commercial insurance for these risks of loss. Claims, expenditures, and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. There have been no claims in the past five fiscal years.

NOTE 11 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 8, 1994, a majority of the District's electors approved the following ballot question:

Shall Gateway Village General Improvement District, City and County of Denver, Colorado's taxes be increased by \$75,000 annually from the imposition of ad valorem property taxes at a rate of 20 mills in 1995 and each year thereafter, for the payment of operational and maintenance expenses of the District, and shall the revenues from such taxes and any earnings from the investment thereof be collected and spent without limitation by any revenue or spending limits, and without affecting the District's ability to collect or spend any other revenues or funds, under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution or any other law?

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Total Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Outlay	1,150,000	104,269	1,045,731
Street and Streetscape Improvement	100,000	-	100,000
Total Expenditures	<u>1,250,000</u>	<u>104,269</u>	<u>1,145,731</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,250,000)	(104,269)	1,145,731
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers From Other Funds	1,250,000	104,269	(1,145,731)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>1,250,000</u>	<u>104,269</u>	<u>(1,145,731)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>

**GATEWAY VILLAGE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

Year Ended December 31,	Assessed Valuation	Percent Change	Total Mills Levied		Total Property Taxes		Percent Collected to Levied
			General Operations	Total	Levied	Collected	
2018/2019	\$ 27,993,980	0.0%	20.000	20.000	\$ 559,879	\$ 559,878	100.00 %
2019/2020	32,766,700	17.0%	20.000	20.000	655,334	654,676	99.90 %
2020/2021	32,622,940	-0.4%	20.000	20.000	652,459	652,442	100.00 %
2021/2022	35,177,300	7.8%	20.000	20.000	703,456	697,306	99.13 %
2022/2023	33,767,110	-4.0%	20.000	20.000	675,342	681,307	100.88 %
Estimated for Year Ending December 31, 2024	\$ 38,424,510	14%	10.000		\$ 384,245		

NOTE: Property taxes shown as collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes or abatements of property taxes assessed in prior years. This presentation does not attempt to identify specific years of assessment
 * 2022/2023 Assessed Year Balance Collected includes tax abatements and refund totaling \$6,222.27